

Safety Flash

Dropped pallet during cargo transfer

Safety Flash Published on 4 December 2025 Generated on 4 December 2025 IMCA SF 22/25

A plastic pallet loaded with plastic lube oil drums fell while being hoisted.

IOGP Life Saving Rules:



Safe mechanical lifting

What happened?

During transfer of lube oil drums via barge to a vessel in an anchorage, a plastic pallet loaded with plastic lube oil drums fell while being hoisted. The incident resulted in product damage (ruptured drums, oil spillage on deck). There was were no injuries nor structural damage.

What might have gone better?

- The pallet was inadequately secured before lifting, and when it was lifted, it was an out of balance load and tipped over.
- There could have been more adequate secondary securing of the load straps or netting.
- There could have been more and better supervision of the barge crew during cargo lifting operations.
- There was perceived "time pressure" at work.
- There was unchallenged reliance on routine "we've always done it this way".



The following causes were identified

- There were procedures in place for this lifting operation but they were not followed;
- There was a lack of clear communication and coordination between ship crew

- and barge crew;
- Insufficient training/awareness of safe lifting practices with plastic pallets.

Actions taken

- Ensured thorough pre-checks of all cargo loads, however small, before lifting.
- Ensured cargo loads are adequately strapped and secured and "in balance" before lifting.
- Reiterated need for toolbox meetings between ship and barge crew before work starts.
- Ensured better oversight and supervision of cargo lifting by ship's duty officer.

What was learned?

- Even routine store transfer operations can escalate into incidents if procedural discipline is not maintained.
- Joint coordination between vessel and barge is essential to ensure lifting safety
- Ensuring good secondary securing of palletized cargo should be a standard practice.

IMCA Safety Flashes summarise key safety matters and incidents, allowing lessons to be more easily learnt for the benefit of the entire offshore industry.

The effectiveness of the IMCA Safety Flash system depends on the industry sharing information and so avoiding repeat incidents. Incidents are classified according to IOGP's Life Saving Rules.

All information is anonymised or sanitised, as appropriate, and warnings for graphic content included where possible.

IMCA makes every effort to ensure both the accuracy and reliability of the information shared, but is not be liable for any guidance and/or recommendation and/or statement herein contained.

The information contained in this document does not fulfil or replace any individual's or Member's legal, regulatory or other duties or obligations in respect of their operations. Individuals and Members remain solely responsible for the safe, lawful and proper conduct of their operations.

Share your safety incidents with IMCA online. Sign-up to receive Safety Flashes straight to your email.